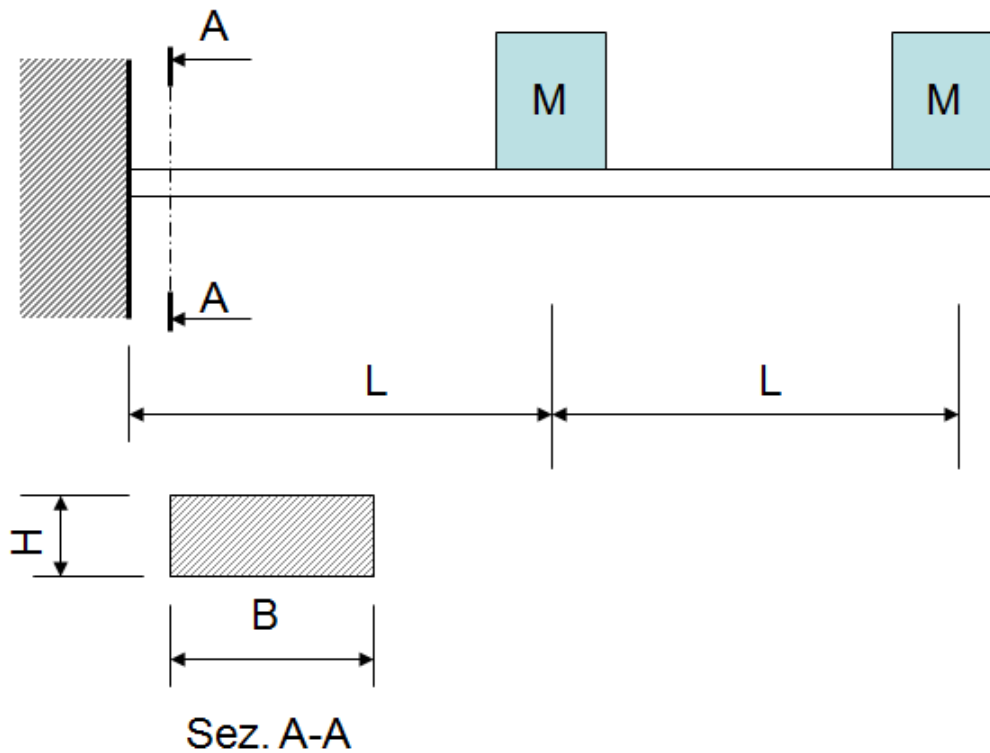


CORSO DI LAUREA MAGISTRALE IN INGEGNERIA MECCANICA
CORSO DI COSTRUZIONE DI MACCHINE

CALCOLO MODI PROPRI DI SISTEMA A 2 GDL

Si calcolino i modi propri del sistema mostrato nella Figura, ipotizzando trascurabile la massa della trave.



Dati

$$L_0 := 1 \cdot \text{m}$$

$$M_0 := 5 \cdot \text{kg}$$

$$E := 2.1 \cdot 10^{11} \cdot \text{Pa}$$

$$\nu := 0.3$$

$$H := 0.01 \cdot \text{m}$$

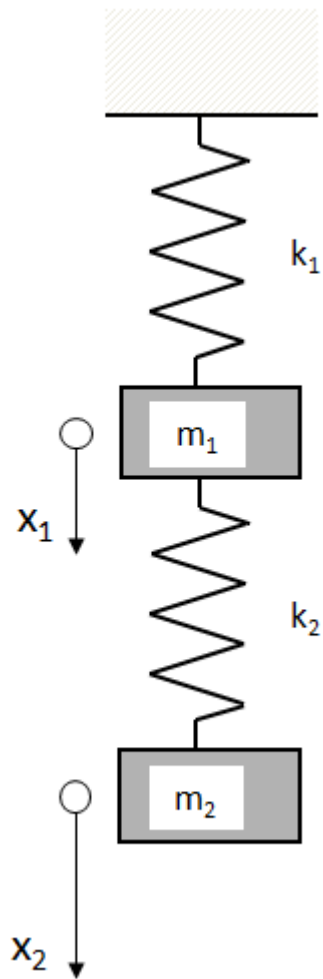
$$B := 0.05 \cdot \text{m}$$

Calcolo parametri geometrici sezione

$$A_0 := H \cdot B = 5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^2 \quad J_x := \frac{B \cdot H^3}{12} = 4.167 \times 10^{-9} \text{ m}^4$$

Modellazione dinamica

Si vuole costruire un modello di sistema dinamico a 2 gdl equivalente, del tipo mostrato nella Figura



$$C_{11} := \frac{L_0^3}{3 \cdot E \cdot J_x} = 3.81 \times 10^{-4} \cdot \frac{\text{m}}{\text{N}} \quad C_{22} := \frac{(2 \cdot L_0)^3}{3 \cdot E \cdot J_x} = 3.048 \times 10^{-3} \cdot \frac{\text{m}}{\text{N}}$$

$$C_{21} := \int_0^{L_0} \frac{(2 \cdot L_0 - \xi) \cdot (L_0 - \xi)}{E \cdot J_x} d\xi = 9.524 \times 10^{-4} \cdot \frac{\text{m}}{\text{N}}$$

$$C_{12} := C_{21}$$

$$\underline{\underline{C}} := \begin{pmatrix} C_{11} & C_{12} \\ C_{21} & C_{22} \end{pmatrix}$$

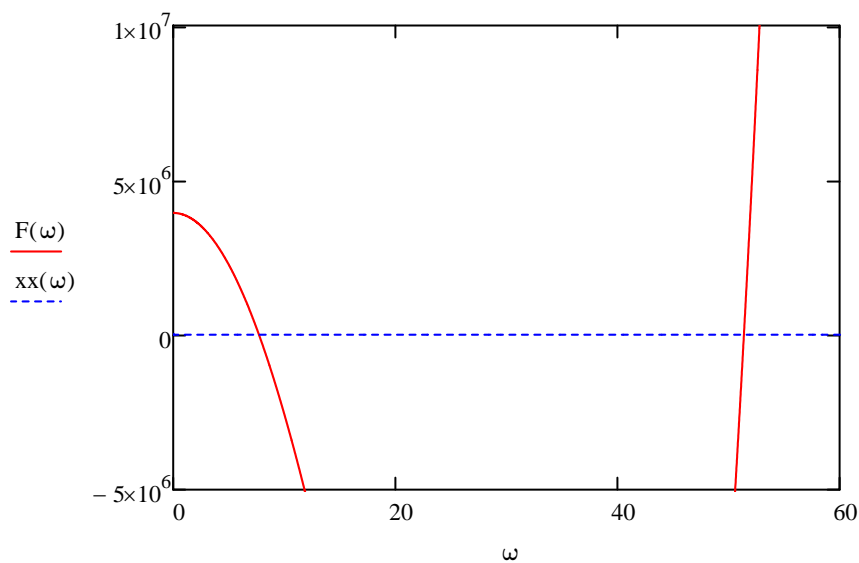
$$\underline{\underline{K}} := \underline{\underline{C}}^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 1.2 \times 10^4 & -3.75 \times 10^3 \\ -3.75 \times 10^3 & 1.5 \times 10^3 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}}$$

$$\underline{\underline{M}} := \begin{pmatrix} M_0 & 0 \\ 0 & M_0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 \end{pmatrix} \text{kg}$$

$$\omega := 0 \cdot \frac{1}{\text{s}}, 0.01 \frac{1}{\text{s}} \dots 100 \cdot \frac{1}{\text{s}}$$

$$\underline{\underline{F}}(\omega) := \left(K_{1,1} - \omega^2 \cdot M_{1,1} \right) \cdot \left(K_{2,2} - \omega^2 \cdot M_{2,2} \right) - K_{1,2} \cdot K_{2,1}$$

$$\underline{\underline{xx}}(\omega) :=$$



$$\omega := 5 \cdot \frac{1}{s}$$

$$\omega_1 := \text{root}(F(\omega), \omega)$$

$$\omega_1 = 7.723 \frac{1}{s}$$

$$\underline{\omega} := 51 \cdot \frac{1}{s}$$

$$\omega_2 := \text{root}(F(\omega), \omega)$$

$$\omega_2 = 51.384 \frac{1}{s}$$

$$r_1 := - \left[\frac{\left(K_{1,1} - \omega_1^2 M_{1,1} \right)}{K_{1,2}} \right] = 3.12$$

$$r_2 := - \left[\frac{\left(K_{1,1} - \omega_2^2 M_{1,1} \right)}{K_{1,2}} \right] = -0.32$$

